Open Session at Parley Cheers Decision to Bar Franco Spain

Meeting Is Most Enthusiastic of Whole Conference; U. S. Backs Mexico on Excluding From World Union Regimes Which Axis Helped Set Up

By Margaret Parton

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—At the most outspoken and enthusiastic public meeting held during the United Nations conference, Spain was barred today from membership in the world organization until the Franco regime is ended.

Under the terms of a Mexican interpretation of membership requirements adopted by acclaim by the members of the commission on general provisions, "states whose regimes were established with the help of military forces of countries that waged war against the United Nations" will be denied the privileges of membership as long as these regimes remain in power.

Although this Interpretation, which will be incorporated in the documents relating to the charter, makes no specific mention of Spain the ten speeches that preceded its adoption made no secret of the fact that it is aimed specifically against the Franco government.

of France, Herbert V. Evatt, of Australia, Alexander Palladin, of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic; Kuzma V. Kiselev, of the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, and by several representatives of Latin American countries.

Although opposition to such a proposal had been expected from the delegations of the United States this opposition did not develop. Instead there was United States approval, though confined to a simple statement by James B. Dunn, Assistant Secretary of State, that the delegation "desires to associate itself with the Mexican declaration. The United Kingdom made no speeches of approval.

All of the speakers agreed that after the Franco government had

Dr. Juan Negrin, last premier of Republican Spain, yesterday expressed gratitude to the Mexican delegation at San Francisco for its proposal that Franco Spain be barred from the world security organization. The proposal excludes regimes "established with the help of military forces" belonging to enemy countries.

The conference committee on general provisions yesterday unanimously adopted the Mexican proposal which was backed by speakers representing Belgium, France, Australia, the Ukraine, Belorusia, Uruguay, Guatemala and Chile.

U. S. Assistant Secretary of State James Clement Dunn, who had been maneuvering behind the scenes to block the proposal, announced its acceptance by the United States.

"We Spaniards who remain loyal to the democratic concept of constitutional legality believe that no country can claim a greater right than ours to membership in the community of the United Nations."

In another telegram to Foreign Minister Ezequiel Padilla, chairman of the Mexican delegation, Negrin recalled that "Mexico and her government have remained unalterable in their policy of friendship toward the Spanish Republic since the beginning of our war."

The conference decision to bar Franco Spain was also welcomed yesterday by the Friends of the Spanish Republic, headed by William L. Shirer and Freda Kirchwey. The committee urged two additional resolutions: one to bar Spain from membership in the United Nations until the Franco regime is ended and the other to bar Spain from membership in the United Nations until the Spanish Republic is restored to its pre-war status.

Negrin Hails UNCIO

Bar Against Franco Regime

A Sentence That Almost Choked James Clement Dunn at Frisco

You can well imagine how James Clement Dunn, the State Department's chief friend of Francisco Franco must have looked on Tuesday afternoon at the world security parley's Commission I.

Mexico's delegate, Luis Quintana-dilla, had introduced a resolution which barred Spain from member-
AN EDITORIAL

Hit Franco Again!

The San Francisco conference has hit Gen. Franco, dictator of Spain, squarely in the eye, and it's something for all friends of Spanish democracy to rejoice over. The decision to bar any government from membership in the world organization if it was set up with the aid of Axis armed forces is of the most positive value.

Eight years ago, when the League of Nations refused to face the truth that Franco's rebellion was Axis-inspired, and Axis-supported. And that set the old League of Nations on the road to ruin. Today, it is a good augury for the coming world organization. The Spanish would be a member of any fascist Spain is clearly recognized.

It is equally significant that the United States has subscribed to this principle, even though everyone understands that James Clement Dunn, the United States Department of State, and Secretary of War, was a very important advocate of Mexico's position. But the question does arise: Is the United States at San Francisco virtually admitting that Franco was an Axis puppet, and therefore ineligible for membership in the world organization, then why maintain diplomatic relations with him? If Franco is not good enough to sit in the new League of Nations, then he does not deserve official measures in order to pave the way for return of a democratic government to Spain.

and encourage the movement to break relations with Spain. This movement should be amplified. The San Francisco conference should encourage this movement to break relations with Spain. It should be made a thousand-fold. It is time for Congress to take up Rep. John Coffee's resolution on this subject, and pass it.

The committee urged two additional resolutions in order to pave the way for return of a democratic government to Spain:

1. Severance of diplomatic relations with Franco by such democratic powers as still recognize him as a so-called neutral.

2. All possible facilities should be granted to the constitutional republic government of Spain in its efforts to form the broadest possible coalition of all democratic elements.

At the same time the committee urged the United States to take the initiative in this direction, through the passage of the Coffee Resolution and aid to the resistance movement.

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